

# Flow Totalizer

Installation and Operation Guide

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# Safety Information

- Always comply with the safety information to prevent accidents and the occurrence of potential danger.
- This manual classifies important grade of safety attentions by Caution and Warning.



## Caution

These tips guide further explanations or related instructions.

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## Warning

Error operation in case of ignoring the tips might cause the personal injury or major accident.

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- In order to use this manual conveniently, please pass this manual to technical department of end user to keep.
- When installing and debugging the module, please take protections before touching the PCB (Electrostatic discharge).
- When doing debugging, it needs to take down the enclosure of instrument. Please take care to avoid electric shock during the process.
- Disposal: This instrument contains a large number of electronic components and a small amount of Ni-MH batteries, please disposal these wastes according to the electronic industry waste treatment. Environmental protection is everyone's responsibility!

# Part 1 Instruction

## 1.1 Features

- Suitable for flow (heat) displaying, calculating and controlling of all kinds of liquids, single or mixed gases and vapor.
- Input multiple flow sensor signals (Such as VSF, Turbine, Electromagnetic, Roots, Elliptical gear, Duplex rotor, Orifice plate, V-cone, Annubar, and Thermal flowmeter, etc.).
- Flow input channel: Receive frequency and multiple current signals.
- Pressure and temperature input channel: Receive multiple current signals.
- Provide 24VDC and 12VDC power supply with short circuit protection, simplify the system and save investment.
- Fault-tolerance: When the compensation measurement signals of temperature, pressure or density are abnormal, compensate with the manual setting of the corresponding operation.
- Circular display: Provide convenience to monitor multiple process variables.
- The update cycle of output current signal is 1 second, which can meet the requirements of the automatic control.
- Configure with Instrument clock, automatic meter reading and print function, provide convenience for metering management.
- Self-test and self diagnosis make the instrument more easy to use and maintain.
- 3 -level password to prevent unauthorized personnel to modify parameters.
- There are no potentiometer, code switch and other adjustable devices, that can improve the vibration resistance, stability and reliability of the instrument;
- Communication
  - ✧ RS485
  - ✧ RS232
  - ✧ GPRS/CDMA
  - ✧ Ethernet
- Configure with temperature, pressure, and density compensations, and it also has compressibility coefficient compensation for general gas and flow nonlinear compensation.

- Perfect function of vapor's density compensation, automatic recognition of saturated vapor and superheated vapor and moisture content calculation of wet vapor.
- Special function for trade settlement.
  - ✧ Power down record
  - ✧ Timing meter reading
  - ✧ Query function on some illegal operations.
  - ✧ Printing
- Display unit can be modified according to different requirements.
- Large storage function.
  - ✧ Day record can be stored in 5 years
  - ✧ Month record can be stored in 5 years
  - ✧ Year record can be stored in 16 years

## 1.2 Specifications

Description	Specifications			
Input Signal	Analog Input		Pulse Input	
	Thermocouple: K, E, B, J, N, T, S		Waveform: Rectangular, Sine and Triangle wave	
	Pt100		Amplitude: more than 4V	
	Current: 0~10mA, 4~20mA Input impedance≤250Ω		Frequency: 0~10KHz Special requirements please contact us	
Output Signal	Analog Output	Communication Output	Switch Output	Feed Output
	DC 0~10mA (load resistance≤750Ω)	RS232, RS485, Ethernet	Relay with hysteresis	DC24V (load current≤100mA)
	DC 4~20mA (load resistance≤500Ω)	Baud rate: 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and 1 start bit	AC220V/3A; DC24V/6A (Resistive load)	DC12V (load current≤200mA)

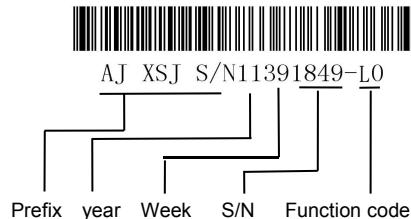
Accuracy	0.2%FS±1d or 0.5%FS±1d Accuracy for frequency conversion: ±1 pulse (LMS), better than 0.2%
Measuring Range	-999999~999999 for flow rate and compensation value 0~9999999.9999 for totalizer
Display	Backlit 128*64 lattice LCD Display flow totalizer, flow rate, energy, power, medium temperature, medium pressure, medium density, medium heat enthalpy, differential pressure, current, frequency, date, time, Alarm status
Control/Alarm	Optional relay upper limit and lower limit control (Alarm) output, LCD and LED output indication; Control (Alarm) with hysteresis (The number of alarm relay is up to 2) Alarm type: flow upper and lower limit, temperature upper and lower limit, pressure upper and lower limit;
Print	Through RS232 interface to Serial thermal printer Real-time print or timing print, Up to 8 times timing print in one day.
Protection	Totalizer will be remained for more than 20 years after power off Reset automatically when Power supply is low Reset automatically when abnormal working (Watch Dog) Self-healing fuse Short circuit protection Password protection for important data
Operating environment	Ambient temperature : -20~60 °C; Relative humidity: ≤85%RH, Far from strong corrosive gas
Power supply	Normal Type: AC 220V % (50Hz±2Hz) Special Type: AC 80~265V (Switch power) DC 24V±1V (Switch power) (AC 36V 50Hz±2Hz) Back-up power: +12V, 20AH, it will last 72 hours
Power consumption	≤10W

## 1.3 Ordering Code

Ordering Code												
	□□□□□	□	□□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	Meter type
Type												160×80mm (horizontal)
Dimension		8										No communication function
Communication		00										RS-485 communication
		01										RS-232 communication
		02										Ethernet
		03										Switching signal of relay output
Alarm 1			1 NO									Current output
Alarm 2			2 NC									Pulse Output
output												Thermocouple
Input					1							Pt100
					2							Pt1000
					3							Current: 0-10mA
					4							Current: 4-20mA
					5							
Feed Output					1							DC +5V
					2							DC +12V
					3							DC +24V
Power Supply												AC 220V
												AC36V
												DC24V

Extended Function		1	USB interface, using to download the data in meter
		2	Current: 4-20mA
		3	16 Bit A/D convertor module
		4	Wireless remote control function. Mainly used in dangerous occasion and condition of no opening the meter.

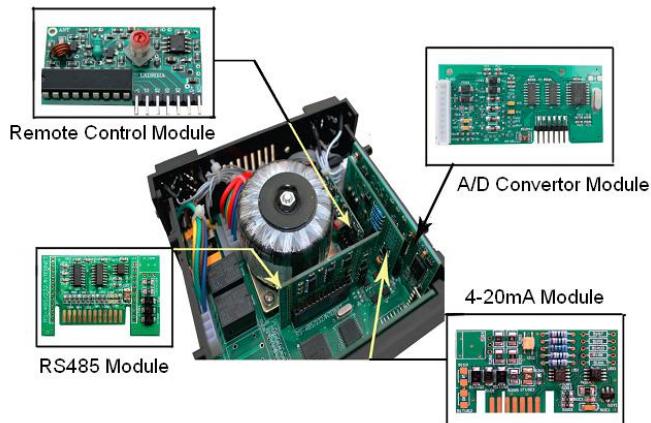
The bar code definition:



Extended Function
L0: No function   L1: RS485   L2: RS232
L3: Internet   L4: USB interface   L5: RS485 and RS232
L6: RS485 and USB   L7: RS232 and USB
L8: 4-20mA   L9: RS485 and 4-20mA

## Part 2 Installation and Dimension

### 2.1 Instrument Hardware



### 2.2 Fuse Replacement



Figure 1 Unscrew the two nuts

Figure 2 Remove the high voltage protection board



Figure 3 The black rectangular component is fuse

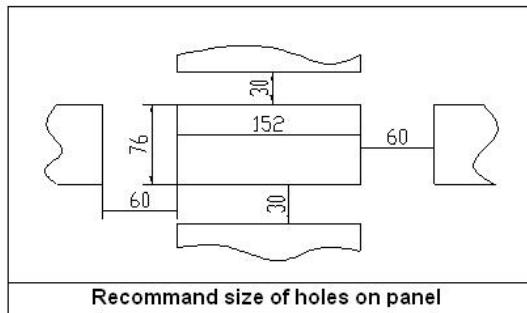
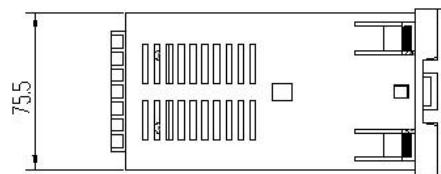
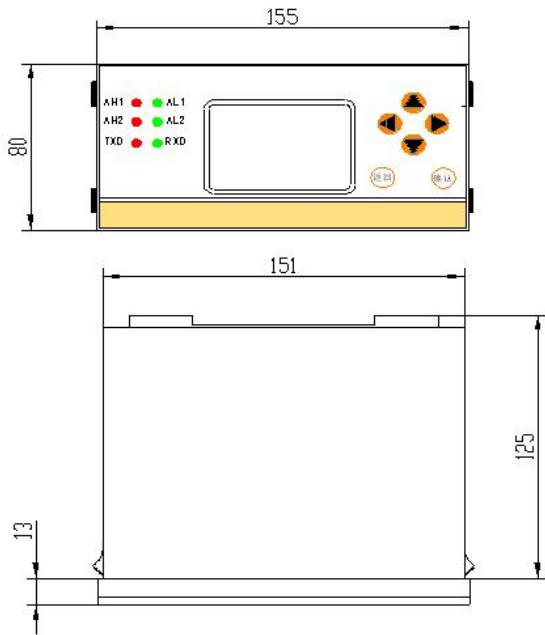


Figure 4 Remove the cover of fuse,  
replace the fuse,  
and then complete the assembly



Danger Power off before replacing fuse

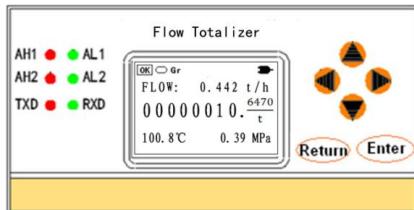
## 2.3 Dimensions



# Part 3 Menu Operation

## 3.1 Menu instruction

### 3.1.1 Operation Interface



AH1: No alarm indicator of Alarm 1

AL1: Alarm indicator of Alarm 1

AH2: No alarm indicator of Alarm 2

AL2: Alarm indicator of Alarm 2

TXD: Indicator of data sending

RXD: Indicator of data receiving

Return key: Return to previous menu, switch normal and recycling display in measuring screen.

Enter key: Enter to next menu, enter main menu in measuring screen, and switch to next parameter in setup menu.



: Up key, move the cursor upward, and increase the value in setup menu.



: Down key, move the cursor downward, and reduce the value in setup menu.



: Left key, move the cursor leftward, and Shift the flashing digit position to left in setup menu.



: Right key, move the cursor rightward, and Shift the flashing digit position to right in setup menu.

### Prompt line

OK	Err			BH	Gr	ST	SP	STP
Working well	Abnormal working	Normal display	recycling display	Saturated steam	Superheated steam	Temperature compensation	Pressure compensation	temperature and pressure compensation
008: Meter address	AP: Absolute pressure	GP: gauge pressure						
Relay on	Relay off	Battery power supply, Full battery	Battery power supply, 90%	Battery power supply, 60%	Battery power supply, 30%	Battery is low, please charge timely	220VAC power supply	

### 3.1.2 Display Screen

Flow rate		Temperature bar chart	
1.Prompt information		1.Prompt information	
2.Flow rate	FLOW: 0. 442 t / h	2.Medium temperture	TEMP: 199. 82 °C
3.Flow totalizer	0 0 0 0 0 3 9 . 6470	3.Current date and time	0 0 0 0 0 3 9 . t
4.Medium temperture	t	4.Temperature bar chart	2013-05-13 10: 56: 21
5.Medium pressure	199. 8 °C 0. 39 MPa	5.Temperature percentage	49. 90%
Power		pressure bar chart	
1.Prompt information		1.Prompt information	
2.Pow er	HEAT: 1177. 42 MJ / h	2.Medium pressure	PRES: 0. 395 MPa
3.Energy	0 0 0 0 0 3 9 . 3261	3.Current date and time	0 0 0 0 0 3 9 . 6470
4.Medium temperture	GJ	4.Pressure bar chart	2013-05-13 10: 56: 21
5.Medium pressure	199. 8°C 0. 39 MPa	5.Pressure percentage	24. 68%
Flow rate bar chart		Power down and Illegal operation	
1.Prompt information		1.Prompt information	
2.Flow rate	FLOW: 0. 442 t / h	2.Power down count	Power down: 0018
3.Current date and time	0 0 0 0 0 3 9 . 6470	3.Illegal operation count	Illegal: 0001
4.Flow rate bar chart	t	4.Current date and time	2013-05-13 10: 03: 52
5.Flow rate percentage	2013-05-13 10: 56: 21 42. 21%		



In debug screen, according to different instrument type, the frequency (QF) and pressure differential ( $\Delta P$ ) are switched automatically.

### 3.2 Main Menu

In display screen, press ENTER key to enter main menu.

**Main Menu**

1. Query
2. Print
3. self-test

**Main Menu**

4. Calibrate
5. Setup
6. Total Reset

**Main Menu**

7. Save
8. Password
9. Display option

Debug Screen	
Q: Flow rate	OK Gr
P: Medium pressure (MPa)	AP 008 ↗ P: 2.343 ↘
H: Heat flow rate (MJ/h)	T: 199.66 ↗ H: 1177.28 ↘
QI: Flow current (mA)	h: 2790.81 ↗ QI: 0.000 ↘
PI: Pressure current (mA)	TI: 0.000 ↗ PI: 7.947 ↘
V1: Battery Voltage (V)	QF: 50.000 ↗ V1: 12.917 ↘ V2: 21.513 ↘
	p: Medium density (Kg/m³) T: Medium temperature (°C) h: Enthalpy (KJ/kg) TI: Temperature current (mA) QF: Frequency (Hz) ΔP: Differential pressure (KPa) V2: External power (V)

### 3.3 Query

#### 3.3.1 Query Submenu

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Query submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

In Query submenu, there are records of Daily, Monthly, Power down, illegal action and Timing meter read.

Press Up or Down key to select the inquiry record, and then press ENTER key to query.

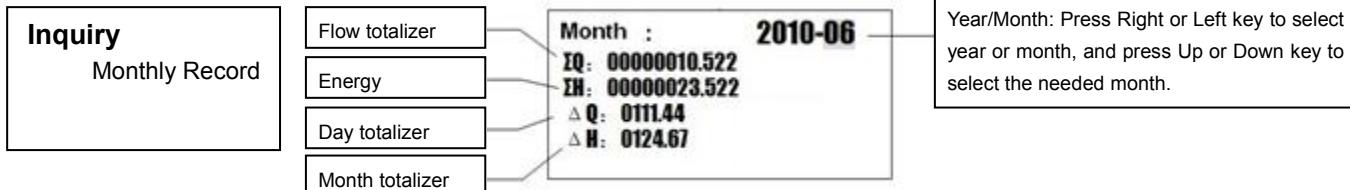
#### 3.3.2 Daily Record

Press Up or Down key to select Daily Record, and then press ENTER key to enter, shown as below.

<b>Inquiry</b>	Flow totalizer	Day : 09-02-25	Year/Month/Day: Press Right or Left key to select year, month or day, and press Up or Down key to select the needed day.
Daily Record	Energy	IQ: 00000015.522	
	Day totalizer	IM: 00000020.542	
	Month totalizer	△Q: 010144 Q: 0.052	Flow rate
	Medium temperature	△H: 010167 H: 1177.28	Power
		T: 199.6 P: 0.394	Medium pressure

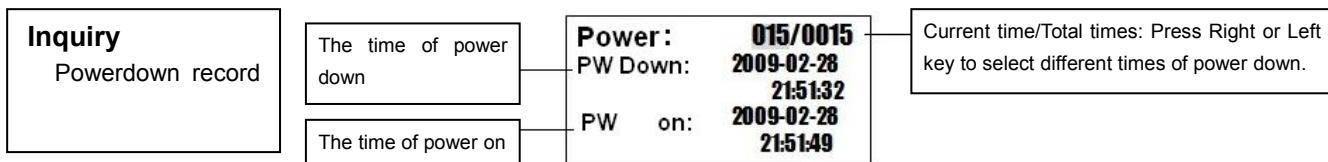
### 3.3.3 Monthly Record

Press Up or Down key to select Monthly Record, and then press ENTER key to enter, shown as below.



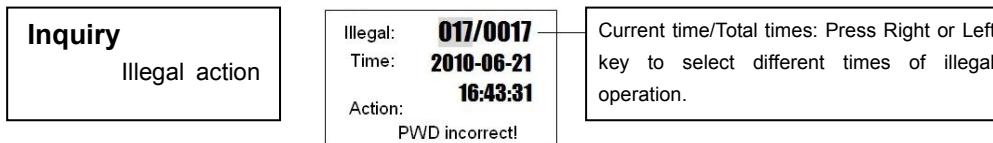
### 3.3.4 Power Down

Press Up or Down key to select Power Down, and then press ENTER key to enter, shown as below.



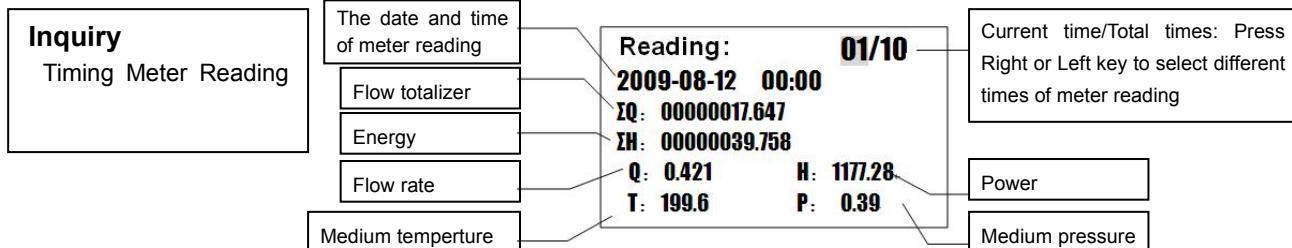
### 3.3.5 Illegal operation

Press Up or Down key to select Illegal Operation, and then press ENTER key to enter, shown as below.



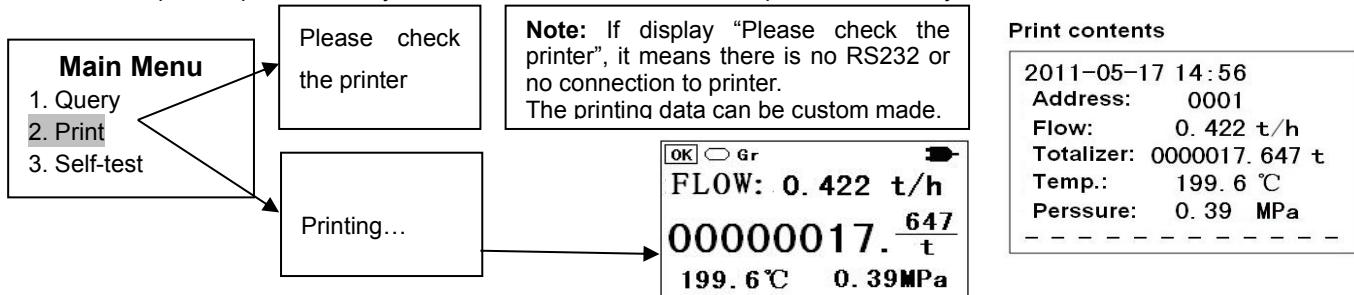
### 3.3.6 Timing Meter Reading

Press Up or Down key to select Timing Meter Reading, and then press ENTER key to enter, shown as below.



### 3.4 Print

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Print submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.



### 3.5 Self-test

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Self-test submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

This submenu to check the details of running status, √ is ok, and × means this option is abnormal.  
After self-test, the display will turn to main menu.

--self-test--		
ADC	√	Clock√
Memory	√	Coef.√
IC	√	Batt.√

## 3.6 Calibrate

### 3.6.1 Calibrate Submenu

This submenu is used to calibrate the internal analog signal, and it affects the accuracy of instrument. If there are no resistance box, standard current source, multimeter and other calibration equipments, please do not use this submenu!

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Calibrate submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

Main Menu 2. Print 3. self-test 4. Calibrate	Password: *****0	1. Current Input 2. Temperature 3. Current Output	 Note: The calibrate submenu has password protection. When inputting password, press Left or Right key to shift the cursor, and press Up or Down key to increase or decrease the number. The default password is 000000, users can modify the password according to 3.10 Password.
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### 3.6.2 Current Input

In calibrate submenu, press Up or Down key to select Current Input, and then press ENTER key to enter.

When calibrating, it needs standard current source to input current to instrument according to “Input” prompt.

For example of calibrating Flow (DP), select Flow (DP), and press ENTER key to calibrate. Input 4mA for zero-scale, the instrument will display a measuring value PV approximating 4mA, and then press ENTER key to enter full-scale. Input 20mA for full-scale, the instrument will display a PV approximating 20mA, and then press ENTER key to finish calibration. After calibration, the instrument will display “Successful”, and then return to calibrate submenu.

1. Current Input 2. Temperature 3. Current Output	Current Input 1. Flow (DP) 2. Pressure 3. Temperature	Current: Flow (DP) Zero-scale: Input: 4.000mA PV: 3.980mA	Flow (DP) Full-scale: Input: 20.000mA PV: 19.998mA	Successful !
---	--	--	---	--------------

The calibration method of temperature and pressure is the same as that of Flow (DP).

### 3.6.3 Temperature Input

In calibrate submenu, press Up or Down key to select Temperature, and then press ENTER key to enter.

When calibrating, it needs standard resistance box to input resistance to instrument according to R value.

1. Current Input 2. Temperature 3. Current Output	Temp. sensor: Pt100	Sensor: Pt100 RV: 100.00ohm SV: 0.00°C PV: 0.41°C	Input: Pt100 RV: 247.09ohm SV: 400.00°C PV: 399.41°C	Successful !
---	------------------------	--	---	--------------

After calibration, the instrument will display “Successful”, and then return to calibrate submenu.

### 3.6.4 Current Output

In calibrate submenu, press Up or Down key to select Current Output, and then press ENTER key to enter.

When calibrating, it needs multimeter to measuring the output current, and then input this current value into “PV”.

1. Current Input 2. Temperature 3. Current Output	Current output OV: 4.000mA PV: 03.976mA	Current output OV: 20.000mA PV: 19.887mA	Successful !
---	---	--	--------------

After calibration, the instrument will display “Successful”, and then return to calibrate submenu.

## 3.7 Setup

### 3.7.1 Setup Submenu

This submenu affects the performance and accuracy of instrument, please be careful when operating.

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. self-test 4. Calibrate <b>5. Setup</b>	Password *****	 Notes: 1. The setup submenu also has password protection. The default password is 000000, users can modify the password according to 3.10 Password. 2. In setup submenu, press Up/Down keys to select different options or increase/decrease numbers which is on the cursor position, press Right/Left key to shift the cursor position or move options, and press ENTER key to enter the next menu.
Meter: <b>Veloc./PD</b> Options: 01/04 Signal type: Pulse		

Before setting, please confirm the meter type. The meter types are shown as below.

1. Veloc./PD: Velocity/Volume	3. DP scale: DP flow	5. V cone DP	7. Elbow DP
2. Mass Flow	4. Orifice DP: Orifice plate DP	6. Annubar DP	8. Linear: Linear current

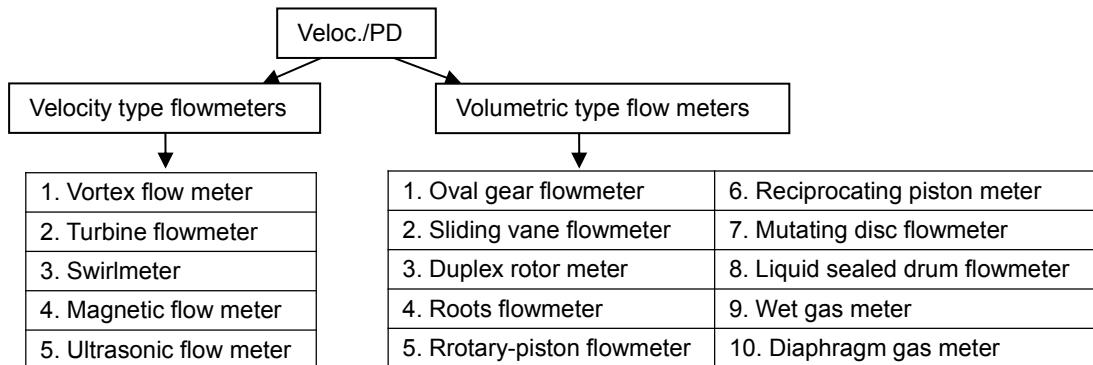
(DP: Differential Pressure)

After setting the meter type, the options display the related parameter numbers of this meter type. For example of 01/04, 01 indicates the follow is the first parameter, 04 indicates that there are 4 parameters needed to set in total.

### 3.7.2 Velocity (Volume)

#### 3.7.2.1 Veloc./PD

The meter type “Veloc./PD” includes Volumetric flowmeters and Velocity type flow meters, shown as below.



After setting meter type, press Right key to shift cursor on Pulse, press Up or Down key to select different signal type. There are three parameters in Veloc./PD: Pulse (Volume), 4-20mA (Volume) and 0-10mA (Volume).

When choosing different signal type, the related parameters will vary, shown as below.

Pulse		4-20mA		0-10mA	
1. Signal type	3. Coefficient linearity	1. Signal type	3. Flow F.S.	1. Signal type	3. Flow F.S.
2. Cut-off frequency	4. Flow coefficient	2. Flow F.S. unit	4. Cut-off current	2. Flow F.S. unit	4. Cut-off current

### 3.7.2.2 Pulse

After setting meter type, press Right key to shift cursor on Pulse (Select pulse signal type), and then press Right key to shift cursor on Signal type, press Up key to change Signal type to Cut-off freq. (Cut-off frequency is set according to different flowmeters on site. Generally do not need to set this parameter.). When setting Cut-off freq. value, press right key to shift the cursor position, and press Up or Down key to change the value.

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 02/04  
Cut-off freq.:  
0000Hz

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 03/04  
Coef. linearize:  
OFF

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 03/24  
Coef. linearize:  
ON

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 04/04  
Flow coefficient:  
00003.600 1/L

After setting Cut-off frequency, press Left key to shift cursor on Cut-off freq., and then press Up key to change Cut-off freq. to Coefficient linearize (Coefficient linearize is used for linearity correction, default setup is “OFF”).

Note: If coefficient linearity is set ON, there are up to 24 parameters needed to set in total. Options 5-24 are used to set section coefficients. In each option, input related section frequency and section coefficient, and then the instrument calculates flow with section coefficient.

Set Coefficient linearize OFF, press Left key to shift cursor on Coefficient linearize, and then press Down key to change Coefficient linearize to Flow coefficient. Press Right key to shift cursor on coefficient value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value. After setting, press ENTER key to enter next menu.

### 3.7.2.3 4-20mA

According to 3.7.2.1, select “4-20mA” in signal type.

Press Left key shift cursor on Signal type, and then press Up key to change Signal type to Flow F.S. unit. In Flow F.S. unit, there

are two options: m3/h and l/h (The Flow F.S. unit should be the same as that of flowmeters).

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 01/04  
Signal type:  
**4-20mA**

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 02/04  
**Flow F.S. unit:**  
m3/h

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 03/04  
**Flow F.S.:**  
0001000.000 m3/h

Meter: Veloc./PD  
Options: 04/04  
**Cut-off current:**  
4.000mA

After setting unit, press Left key to shift cursor on Flow F.S. unit, and then press Up key to change Flow F.S. unit to Flow F.S. (The Flow full scale should be the same as that of flowmeters).

After setting F.S. value, press Left key to shift cursor on Flow F.S., and then press Up key to change Flow F.S. to Cut-off current (Cut-off current is set according to different flowmeters on site. Generally do not need to set this parameter.).

### 3.7.2.4 0-10mA

According to 3.7.2.1, select “0-10mA” in signal type, and the method of parameters setup is the same as that of “4-20mA” signal type.

### 3.7.3 Mass Flow

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select “Mass Flow”.

**Main Menu**  
3. self-test  
4. Calibrate  
**5. Setup**

Password  
\*\*\*\*\*

Meter: **Mass Flow**  
Options: 01/04  
Signal type:  
**Pulse**

There are three parameters in Mass Flow: Pulse (Mass), 4-20mA (Mass) and 0-10mA (Mass).  
The setup method of mass flow is the same as that of Veloc./PD.

### 3.7.4 DP Flow

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select "DP Scale".

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. self-test 4. Calibrate <b>5. Setup</b>	Password *****	Meter: DP Scale Options: 01/08 Signal type: 4-20mA No $\sqrt{\cdot}$	Note: Orifice plate, V-Cone, Annubar, venturi tube and Elbow are all belong to differential pressure flowmeter, and the output signal is scale mass flow.
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There are four signal types: 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ , 4-20mA  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ , 0-10mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  and 0-10mA  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ . In this manual, it only introduce 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ , the others refer to 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ .

- No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  means that the output signal of differential pressure transmitter is no square root signal, this kind signal should be extracted the square root and then can take part in computation.
- $\sqrt{\cdot}$  means that the output signal of differential pressure transmitter is linear signal, this kind signal do not need to be extracted the square root.

After setting meter type, press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  signal type, and then press Right key to shift cursor on Signal type. Press Up key to change Signal type to Scale flow unit, press Right key to shift cursor on unit t/h, and then press Up key to select different units (t/h and Kg/h).

Meter: DP Scale Options: 02/08 Scaled flow unit: t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 03/08 Scaled range: 0000010.000t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 04/08 Design density: 0001.2800kg/m3	Meter: DP Scale Options: 05/08 DP unit: Pa
---	--	--	---

After setting scaled flow unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on Scale flow unit, press Up key to change Scale flow unit to Scaled range, press Right key to shift cursor on flow value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value (The range of F.S. flow is 0-9999999.999).

After setting scaled range, press Left key to shift the cursor on Scaled range, press Up key to change Scaled range to Design Density, press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting design density, press Left key to shift the cursor on Design density, press Up key to change Design density to DP unit (Differential pressure unit), press Right key to shift cursor on unit, and then press Up/Down key to select different units (Pa, KPa and MPa).

After setting DP unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP unit, press Up key to change DP unit to DP low scale (Differential pressure low scale), press Right key to shift cursor on low scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Meter: DP Scale  
Options: 06/08  
**DP low scale:**  
+000.000Pa

Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative pressure.  
The range of DP low limit is 0-999.999.

Meter: DP Scale  
Options: 07/08  
**DP high scale:**  
+010.000Pa

Meter: DP Scale  
Options: 08/08  
**Cut-off current:**  
2.600mA

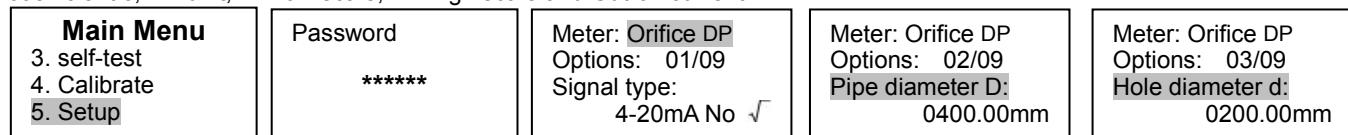
After setting DP low scale, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP low scale, press Up key to change DP low scale to DP high scale (Differential pressure high scale), press Right key to shift cursor on high scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting DP high scale, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP high scale, press Up key to change DP high scale to Cut-off current, press Right key to shift cursor on current value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

### 3.7.5 Orifice DP

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select "Orifice DP".

There are nine parameters in Orifice DP: Signal type, Pipe inside diameter D, Hole diameter d, Expansibility factor  $\epsilon$ , Discharge coefficient c, DP unit, DP low scale, DP high scale and Cut-off current.



After selecting Orifice DP, and then press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA No ✓. There are four signal types: 4-20mA No ✓, 4-20mA ✓, 0-10mA No ✓ and 0-10mA ✓. In this manual, it only introduce 4-20mA No ✓, the others refer to 4-20mA No ✓. Press Up key to select different signal types.

After setting Signal type "4-20mA No ✓", press Left key to Signal type, press Up key to change Signal type to Pipe diameter D, press Right key to shift cursor on D value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Pipe diameter D, press Left key to shift the cursor on Pipe diameter D, press Up key to change Pipe diameter D to Hole diameter d, press Right key to shift cursor on d value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Meter: Orifice DP Options: 04/09 <b>Expansibility <math>\epsilon</math> :</b> 1.00000	Meter: Orifice DP Options: 05/09 <b>Discharge coe. c:</b> 0.80000	Meter: Orifice DP Options: 06/09 <b>DP unit:</b> KPa	Meter: Orifice DP Options: 07/09 <b>DP low scale:</b> +000.000KPa
Meter: Orifice DP Options: 08/09 <b>DP high scale:</b> +250.000KPa	Meter: Orifice DP Options: 09/09 <b>Cut-off current:</b> 4.000mA	Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative pressure. The range of DP low limit is 0-999.999.	

After setting Hole diameter d, press Left key to shift the cursor on Hole diameter d, press Up key to change Hole diameter d to Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Right key to shift cursor on  $\varepsilon$  value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Left key to shift the cursor on Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Up key to change Expansibility  $\varepsilon$  to Discharge coe. c, press Right key to shift cursor on c value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Discharge coe. c, press Left key to shift the cursor on Discharge coe. c, press Up key to change Discharge coe. c to DP unit, press Right key to shift cursor on unit, and then press Up/Down key to select different units (Pa, KPa and MPa).

After setting DP unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP unit, press Up key to change DP unit to DP low scale, press Right key to shift cursor on low scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting low scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP low scale, press Up key to change DP low scale to DP high scale, press Right key to shift cursor on high scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting DP high scale, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP high scale, press Up key to change DP high scale to Cut-off current, press Right key to shift cursor on current value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

### 3.7.6 V-Cone DP

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select "V-Cone DP".

There are nine parameters in V-Cone DP: Signal type, Pipe inside diameter D, Cone diameter d, Expansibility factor  $\varepsilon$ , Discharge coefficient c, DP unit, DP low scale, DP high scale and Cut-off current.

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. self-test 4. Calibrate <b>5. Setup</b>	Password *****	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 01/09 Signal type: 4-20mA No ✓	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 02/09 Pipe diameter D: 0400.00mm	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 03/09 Cone diameter d: 0200.00mm
---	-------------------	---	---	---

After setting V-Cone DP, and then press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ . There are four signal types: 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ , 4-20mA  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ , 0-10mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$  and 0-10mA  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ . In this manual, it only introduce 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ , the others refer to 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ . Press Up key to select different signal types.

After setting Signal type “4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\text{ }}$ ”, press Left key to Signal type, press Up key to change Signal type to Pipe diameter D, press Right key to shift cursor on D value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Pipe diameter D, press Left key to shift the cursor on Pipe diameter D, press Up key to change Pipe diameter D to Cone diameter d, press Right key to shift cursor on d value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 04/09 <b>Expansibility <math>\varepsilon</math> :</b> 1.00000	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 05/09 <b>Discharge coe. c:</b> 0.80000	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 06/09 <b>DP unit:</b> KPa	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 07/09 <b>DP low scale:</b> +000.000KPa
Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 08/09 <b>DP high scale:</b> +250.000KPa	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 09/09 <b>Cut-off current:</b> 4.000mA	Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative pressure. The range of DP low limit is 0-999.999.	

After setting Cone diameter d, press Left key to shift the cursor on Cone diameter d, press Up key to change Cone diameter d to Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Right key to shift cursor on  $\varepsilon$  value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Left key to shift the cursor on Expansibility  $\varepsilon$ , press Up key to change Expansibility  $\varepsilon$  to Discharge coe. c, press Right key to shift cursor on c value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Discharge coe. c, press Left key to shift the cursor on Discharge coe. c, press Up key to change Discharge coe. c to DP unit, press Right key to shift cursor on unit, and then press Up/Down key to select different units (Pa, KPa and MPa).

After setting DP unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP unit, press Up key to change DP unit to DP low scale, press Right key to shift cursor on low scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting low scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP low scale, press Up key to change DP low scale to DP high scale, press Right key to shift cursor on high scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting DP high scale, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP high scale, press Up key to change DP high scale to Cut-off current, press Right key to shift cursor on current value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

### 3.7.7 Annubar DP

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select "Annubar DP".

There are nine parameters in Annubar DP: Signal type, Pipe inside diameter D, Drag coefficient, Expansibility factor  $\epsilon$ , Flow coefficient, DP unit, DP low scale, DP high scale and Cut-off current.

Main Menu 3. self-test 4. Calibrate 5. Setup	Password *****	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 01/09 Signal type: 4-20mA No ✓	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 02/09 Pipe diameter D: 0400.00mm	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 03/09 Drag coe.: 002.54173
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After setting Annubar DP, and then press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA No ✓. There are four signal types: 4-20mA No ✓, 4-20mA ✓, 0-10mA No ✓ and 0-10mA ✓. In this manual, it only introduce 4-20mA No ✓, the others refer to 4-20mA No ✓. Press Up key to select different signal types.

After setting Signal type "4-20mA No ✓", press Left key to Signal type, press Up key to change Signal type to Pipe diameter D, press Right key to shift cursor on D value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Pipe diameter D, press Left key to shift the cursor on Pipe diameter D, press Up key to change Pipe diameter D to Resistance coe., press Right key to shift cursor on coe. value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Meter: Annubar DP Options: 04/09 <b>Expansibility <math>\epsilon</math> :</b> 1.00000	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 05/09 <b>Flow coe.:</b> 0.80000	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 06/09 <b>DP unit:</b> KPa	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 07/09 <b>DP low scale:</b> +000.000KPa
Meter: Annubar DP Options: 08/09 <b>DP high scale:</b> +250.000KPa	Meter: Annubar DP Options: 09/09 <b>Cut-off current:</b> 4.000mA	Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative pressure. The range of DP low limit is 0-999.999.	

After setting Resistance coe. value, press Left key to shift the cursor on Resistance coe., press Up key to change Resistance coe. to Expansibility  $\epsilon$ , press Right key to shift cursor on  $\epsilon$  value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Expansibility  $\epsilon$ , press Left key to shift the cursor on Expansibility  $\epsilon$ , press Up key to change Expansibility  $\epsilon$  to Flow coe., press Right key to shift cursor on coefficient value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting coefficient value, press Left key to shift the cursor on Flow coe., press Up key to change Flow coe. to DP unit, press Right key to shift cursor on unit, and then press Up/Down key to select different units (Pa, KPa and MPa).

After setting DP unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP unit, press Up key to change DP unit to DP low scale, press Right key to shift cursor on low scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting low scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP low scale, press Up key to change DP low scale to DP high scale, press Right key to shift cursor on high scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting high scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP high scale, press Up key to change DP high scale to Cut-off current, press Right key to shift cursor on current value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

### 3.7.8 Elbow DP

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select “Elbow DP”.

There are nine parameters in Elbow DP: Signal type, Pipe inside diameter D, Bend radius R, Expansibility factor  $\epsilon$ , Flow coefficient, DP unit, DP low scale and Cut-off current.

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. Self-Checking 4. Calibrate 5. Setup	Password *****	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 01/09 Signal type: 4-20mA No ✓	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 02/09 Pipe diameter D: 0600.00mm	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 03/09 Bend radius R: 0001.5000mm
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After setting Elbow DP, and then press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA No ✓. There are four signal types: 4-20mA No ✓, 4-20mA ✓, 0-10mA No ✓ and 0-10mA ✓. In this manual, it only introduce 4-20mA No ✓, the others refer to 4-20mA No ✓. Press Up key to select different signal types.

After setting Signal type “4-20mA No ✓”, press Left key to Signal type, press Up key to change Signal type to Pipe diameter D, press Right key to shift cursor on D value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Pipe diameter D, press Left key to shift the cursor on Pipe diameter D, press Up key to change Pipe diameter D to Bend radius R, press Right key to shift cursor on Bend radius R value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Meter: Elbow DP Options: 04/09 Expansibility $\epsilon$ : 1.00000	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 05/09 Flow coe.: 1.29900	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 06/09 DP unit: Pa	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 07/09 DP low scale: +000.000KPa
Meter: Elbow DP Options: 08/09 DP high scale: +010.000KPa	Meter: Elbow DP Options: 09/09 Cut-off current: 4.000mA	Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative pressure. The range of DP low limit is 0-999.999.	

After setting Bend radius R, press Left key to shift the cursor on Bend radius R, press Up key to change Bend radius R to Expansibility  $\epsilon$ , press Right key to shift cursor on  $\epsilon$  value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Expansibility  $\epsilon$  value, press Left key to shift the cursor on Expansibility  $\epsilon$ , press Up key to change Expansibility  $\epsilon$  to Flow coe., press Right key to shift cursor on coefficient value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Flow coefficient value, press Left key to shift the cursor on Flow coe., press Up key to change Flow coe. to DP unit, press Right key to shift cursor on unit, and then press Up/Down key to select different units (Pa, KPa and MPa).

After setting DP unit, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP unit, press Up key to change DP unit to DP low scale, press Right key to shift cursor on low scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting low scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP low scale, press Up key to change DP low scale to DP high scale, press Right key to shift cursor on high scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting high scale value, press Left key to shift the cursor on DP high scale, press Up key to change DP high scale to Cut-off current, press Right key to shift cursor on current value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

### 3.7.9 Linear

The Linear current is used to divide output current of instrument into 10 sections, and then set flow value for each current section. In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Setup submenu, press ENTER key to enter, and then press Up/Down key to select "Linear".

Main Menu 3. self-test 4. Calibrate 5. Setup	Password *****	Meter: Linear Options: 01/21 Flow unit: m3/h	Meter: Linear Options: 02/21 Current 01: 00.000mA	Meter: Linear Options: 03/21 Flow rate01: 0000100.000m3/h
---	-------------------	---	--	--

There are four units in Flow unit: m3/h, l/h, t/h and kg/h, press Right key on unit, and press Up/Down key to select different units.

After setting flow unit, press Left key to shift cursor on Flow unit, press Up key to change Flow unit to Current 01, press Right key to shift cursor on current 01 value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Current 01, press Left key to shift cursor on Current 01, press Up key to change Current 01 to Flow rate 01, press Right key to shift cursor on flow 01 value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

The setup method of current 02-10 and flow rate 02-10 is the same as that of current 01 and flow rate 01.

### **3.7.10 Medium**

#### **3.7.10.1 Medium Options**

After setting related parameters of flowmeter, press ENTER key to enter “Medium” menu.

Medium Options
1. Vapor (Auto): Vapor Automatic Compensation
2. S vapor temp.: Saturated vapor temperature compensation
3. S vapor pres.: Saturated vapor pressure compensation
4. S vapor TP: Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
5. Gas (Std. volume)
6. Gas (Mass)
7. Liquid (Volume)
8. Liquid (Mass)
9. Constant Density

#### **3.7.10.2 Vapor (Auto)**

In medium menu, Press Up key to select Vapor (Auto), press Right key to shift cursor to option content, and then press Down key to select Pres. priority or Temp. priority.

Medium:  
Vapor (Auto)  
Option:  
Pres. priority

Pres. priority: Include high temperature condensate water, pressure compensation priority.  
Temp. priority: Only measure dry saturated vapor, temperature compensation priority.

When measuring vapor, there are another three selections: Saturated vapor temperature compensation, Saturated vapor pressure compensation and Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation.

### 3.7.10.2 Gas (Std. Volume)

In medium menu, press Left key to shift cursor on Vapor (Auto), and then press Up key to select Gas (Std. volume). Compensation is the temperature and pressure compensation of common gas, and the unit of flow rate is Nm<sup>3</sup>/h.

Press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Gas (Std. volume)  
Std. density:  
0001.2048kg/m<sup>3</sup>

After setting standard density, it needs to input the standard temperature related to standard density. Press Left key to shift cursor on Std. density, press Up key to change Std. density to Std. temperature, press Right key to shift cursor on temperature value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Gas (Std. volume)  
Std. temperature:  
00°C

### 3.7.10.3 Gas (Mass)

In medium menu, press Left key to shift cursor on Gas (Std. volume), and then press Up key to select Gas (Mass). Compensation is the temperature and pressure compensation of common gas, and the unit of flow rate is t/h.

Press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Gas (Mass)  
Std. density:  
0001.6000kg/m<sup>3</sup>

After setting standard density, it needs to input the standard temperature related to standard density. Press Left key to shift cursor on Std. density, press Up key to change Std. density to Std. temperature, press Right key to shift cursor on temperature value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Gas (Mass)  
Std. temperature:  
03°C

#### **3.7.10.4 Liquid (Volume)**

In medium menu, press Left key to shift cursor on Gas (Mass), and then press Up key to select Liquid (Volume).

Press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Density (20 °C), press Left key to shift cursor on Density (20 °C), press Up key to change Density (20 °C) to Coe.V-expansion (Expansibility factor), press Right key to shift cursor on factor value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Liquid (Volume)  
Density (20°C):  
1000.0000kg/m3

#### **3.7.10.5 Liquid (Mass)**

In medium menu, press Left key to shift cursor on Liquid (Volume), and then press Up key to select Liquid (Mass).

Press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

After setting Density (20 °C), press Left key to shift cursor on Density (20 °C), press Up key to change 20°C density to Coe.V-expansion (Expansibility factor), press Right key to shift cursor on factor value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Liquid (Volume)  
Coe.V-expansion:  
0.0000

Medium:  
Liquid (Mass)  
Density (20°C):  
1000.0000kg/m3

Medium:  
Liquid (Mass)  
Coe.V-expansion:  
0.8000

#### **3.7.10.6 Density Compensation**

In medium menu, press Left key to shift cursor on Liquid (Mass), and then press Up key to select Constant density (Density compensation).

Press Right key to shift cursor on density value, and then press Up/Down key to change this value.

Medium:  
Constant density  
Constant density:  
1000.0000kg/m3

#### **3.7.11 Damping Time**

After setting medium parameters, press ENTER key to enter Damping time menu. The damping time is set according to different flowmeters on site.

Press Right key to shift cursor, and press Up/Down key to change time value, damping time range is 0-30s.

Damping time:  
01/30 s

### 3.7.12 Low Flow Cutoff

After setting damping time, press ENTER key to enter Low Flow Cutoff menu. The cutoff value is set according to different flowmeters on site.

Press Right key to shift cursor, and press Up/Down key to change this value.

Low flow cutoff  
00000.000

### 3.7.13 Temperature Sensor

After setting low flow cutoff, press ENTER key to enter temperature sensor menu, and press Up key to select different temperature sensor type. There are five temperature sensor types: Pt100, 4-20mA, 0-10mA, Constant (Setting temperature) and Thermocouple (S/R/B/K/N/E/J/T).

T Sensor: Pt100  
Constant: +180.00

T Sensor: 4-20mA  
Const.: +180.00  
L scale: +000.0  
H scale: +400.0

The setting temperature is used to compensate and display with manual setting temperature when the external temperature sensor is abnormal (Beyond the lower or upper scale of temperature).

When the T sensor is selected 4-2mA or 0-10mA signal, it needs to set the L scale (Lower scale) and H scale (Upper scale) of temperature. Press Right key to shift the cursor on scale values, and then press Up/Down key to change these values.

### 3.7.14 Pressure Sensor

After setting temperature sensor, press ENTER key to enter pressure sensor menu, press Up key to select different temperature sensor type, and set the L scale (Lower scale) and H scale (Upper scale) of temperature

P Sensor: 4-20mA G  
Const.: +00.000  
L scale: +00.000  
H scale: +01.600

The setting pressure is used to compensate and display with manual setting pressure when the external pressure sensor is abnormal (Beyond the lower or upper scale of pressure).

There are six pressure sensor types: 4-20mA G (4-20mA gauge pressure), 4-20mA A (4-20mA absolute pressure), 0-10mA G (0-10mA gauge pressure), 0-10mA A (4-20mA absolute pressure), Const. G (Setting gauge pressure) and Const. A (Setting absolute pressure).

Note: The unit of setting pressure, L scale and H scale pressure is MPa.

3.7.15 Temperature/Pressure Upper and Lower scales  
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After setting pressure sensor, press ENTER key to enter T/P upper and lower scales menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the lower and upper scale of temperature and pressure.

T lower: -040.0
T upper: +300.0
P lower: -00.01
P upper: +02.00

If the temperature or pressure is out of the range, it will use setting temperature or pressure to compensate and alarm. This alarm can be used relay to output switching signal.

### 3.7.16 External Sensor Parameter Correction

After setting T/P upper and lower scales, press ENTER key to enter external sensor parameter correction menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the values.

F factor: 000.000
T zero: +00.000
P zero: +01.000

### 3.7.17 Local Atmospheric Pressure

After setting external sensor parameter correction, press ENTER key to enter local atmospheric pressure menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the values.

Atmospheric P: 101.3 kPa
--------------------------

### 3.7.18 Timing Meter Reading

After setting local atmospheric pressure, press ENTER key to enter timing meter reading menu. The times of timing meter reading can be set to up to eight, and the records can be queried in 3.3 Query.

Press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the values.

Read: Open
Times: 08
No.: 01
Time: 08:00

### 3.7.19 Timing Print

After setting timing meter reading, press ENTER key to enter timing print menu. The times of timing print can be set to up to eight, and the time if print can be set by users. This function can be used normally after connecting and setting printer correctly.

Press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the values.

Print: Open
Times: 08
No.: 01
Time: 10:00

### 3.7.20 Clock Setup

After setting timing meter reading, press ENTER key to enter clock setup menu. Press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to set the values.

Real-time Clock:  
Date: 2010-07-20  
Time: 17:00:39

### 3.7.21 Communication

After setting clock, press ENTER key to enter communication menu. Press key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to select options or set the values.

Com type: RS485  
Device ID: 0001  
Baud rate: 9600

Communication type	
1. RS485	3. Ethernet
2. RS232	4. None

The range of device ID: 01-254.  
Baud rate: Optional 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600.  
For communication, it needs to order corresponding interface, please state when ordering.

### 3.7.22 Current Output

After setting communication, press ENTER key to enter current output menu. Press Right key to shift cursor on 4-20mA, and then press Up key to select different current output types.

Current output:  
Options: 01/04  
Output type:  
4-20mA

Current output type	
1. 4-20mA	
2. 0-10mA	
3. 0-20mA	

Current output:  
Options: 03/04  
Lower scale:  
+0000000.00

Current output:  
Options: 04/04  
Upper scale:  
+0000100.00

Current output:  
Options: 02/04  
Output variable:  
Flow rate

Note: When shifting the cursor on the +/- symbol, press Up key to switch positive and negative value.

#### Current output variable

1. Flow rate
2. Temperature
3. Gauge pressure (MPa)
4. DP (differential pressure, kPa)
5. Density (Kg/m3)
6. Thermal enthalpy (KJ/kg)
7. Power (MJ/h)

After selecting output type, press Left key to shift cursor on Output type, press Up key to change output type to output variable. Press Right key to shift cursor on variable option, and then press Up key to select different output variables.

After selecting output variable, press Left key to shift cursor on Output variable, press Up key to change output variable to Lower scale. Press Right key to shift cursor on lower scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

After setting lower scale, press Left key to shift cursor on Lower scale, press Up key to change lower scale to upper scale. Press Right key to shift cursor on upper scale value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

### 3.7.23 Pulse Output

After setting current output, press ENTER key to enter pulse output menu. Press Right key to shift cursor on Mode option, and then press Up key to select Scale freq or Equivalent (Scaled freq.: Pulse frequency for flow rate; Equivalent: equivalent pulse for totalizer). For equivalent pulse, the equivalent coefficient can be selected 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 10, 100 or 1000.

Pulse output:  
Mode: Equivalent  
Equivalent coe.:  
0.001

Pulse output:  
Mode: Scaled freq  
Freq: 0000-5000Hz  
F.S: 0000010.000

### 3.7.24 Alarm 1

After setting pulse output, press ENTER key to enter alarm 1 menu. Press Right key to shift cursor on alarm variables value, and then press Up key to select different alarm types.

After setting alarm variable type, press Left key to shift cursor on Alarm variable, press Up key to change Alarm variable to Alarm value, press Right key to shift cursor on value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

After setting alarm value, press Left key to shift cursor on Alarm value, press Up key to change Alarm value to Alarm hysteresis, press Right key to shift cursor on value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

Alarm 1 variable type	
1. None	4. Temperature upper scale
2. Flow rate upper scale	5. Temperature lower scale

Alarm 1: Options: 1/3 Alarm variable: Flow upper scale	Alarm 1: Options: 2/3 Alarm value: +0000000.000	Alarm 1: Options: 3/3 Alarm hysteresis: 0000.00	3. Flow rate lower scale	6. Pressure upper scale
			7. Pressure lower scale	

### 3.7.25 Alarm 2

After setting alarm 1, press ENTER key to enter alarm 2 menu. Press Right key to shift cursor on alarm variable value, and then press Up key to select different alarm types.

After setting alarm variable type, press Left key to shift cursor on Alarm variable, press Up key to change Alarm variable to Alarm value, press Right key to shift cursor on value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

After setting alarm value, press Left key to shift cursor on Alarm value, press Up key to change Alarm value to Alarm hysteresis, press Right key to shift cursor on value, and then press Up/Down key to change the value.

Alarm 2 type	
1. None	4. Temperature upper scale
2. Flow rate upper scale	5. Temperature lower scale
3. Flow rate lower scale	6. Pressure upper scale
7. Pressure lower scale	

### 3.8 Total Reset

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Total Reset submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

<b>Main Menu</b> 4. Calibrate 5. Setup <b>6. Total Reset</b>	Password *****	The Reset submenu also has password protection. The default password is 000000, customers can modify the password according to 3.10 Password.
---	-------------------	---

After input correct password, press ENTER key, it will be shown as below.

Total Reset:  
1. Total flow  
2. Total heat  
3. Power DN/Illegal

Total flow  
00000012.4458

Total heat  
00000041.45788

Power down:  
0005  
Illegal action:  
0001

Press Right key to shift cursor on Total flow and then press ENTER key to enter. In Total flow reset menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to change the value. After setting, press ENTER key to return Total Reset submenu.

Press Right key to shift cursor on Total heat and then press ENTER key to enter. In Total heat reset menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and then press Up/Down key to change the value. After setting, press ENTER key to return Total Reset menu.

Press Right key to shift cursor on Power DN/Illegal, and then press ENTER key to enter. In Power DN/Illegal menu, press Right key to shift cursor, and press Up/Down key to change the times values of power down and illegal action.

### 3.9 Save

This submenu is used to download operating data from instrument. If customers need this function, please order USB interface.

### 3.10 Password

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Password submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

Main Menu  
6. Total Reset  
7. Save  
8. Password

Password change:  
1. Setup  
2. Calibrate  
3. Total reset

Setup:  
Old: XXXXXX  
New: 000001  
Successful !

Press Right key to shift cursor on Setup, press ENTER key to enter setup password menu, input old and new passwords, and then press ENTER key, it will display "Successful!".

The setup method of calibrate and total reset password is the same as that of setup password.

### 3.11 Display

In main menu, press Up or Down key to select Display submenu, and then press ENTER key to enter.

Press Right key to select display mode, and press ENTER key to enter. Press Right key to shift cursor on display options, and press Down key to switch the options displaying or not (✓ means options displaying, else no displaying). After setting, press ENTER key to return display submenu.

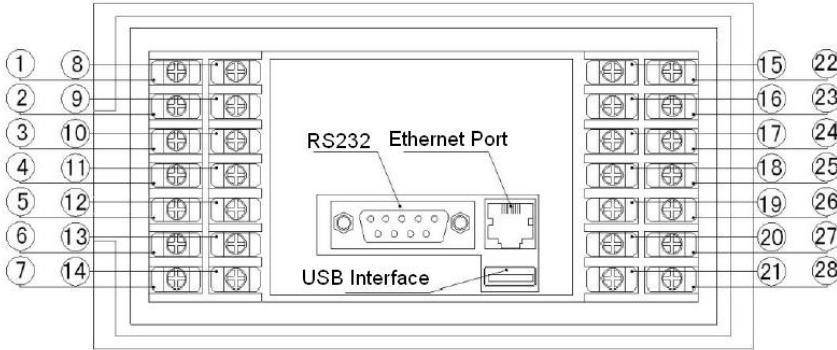
Main Menu	1. Display mode	Mode: 5s loop	Mode: 5s loop	Mode: 5s loop
7. Save	2. Display unit	1. Flow ✓	4. Temp. graph ✓	5. Pres. graph ✓
8. Password		2. Heat ✓	5. Pres. graph ✓	6. Power down ✓
9. Display option		3. Flow graph ✓	6. Power down ✓	7. self-test ✓

Press Right key to select display unit, and press ENTER key to enter.

Display unit:	Display Unit
Flow:	Nm <sup>3</sup> /h, Nl/h, Nl/m, t/h, kg/h, m <sup>3</sup> /h, l/h and l/m
Pressure:	MPa and KPa
Temp.:	°C and °F

# Part 4 Wirings

## 4.1 Wiring Terminals



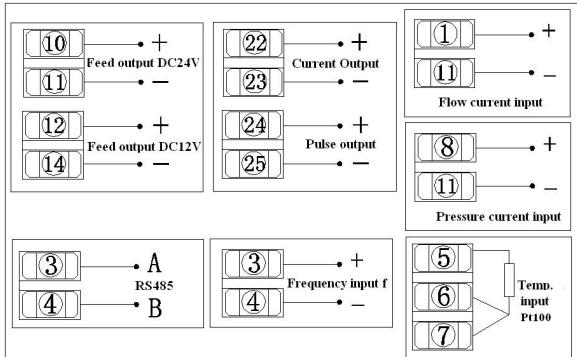
Warning! The left figure only be used as an example, All wirings of instrument should be refer to the marks on instrument.

### Terminals Definition

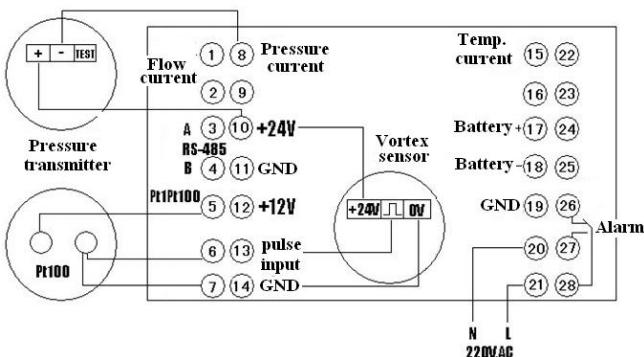
No.	Definition	No.	Definition	No.	Definition	No.	Definition
1	Flow current input	8	Pressure current input	15	Temp. current input	22	Current output +
2	Blank	9	Blank	16	Blank	23	Current output -
3	RS-485 (A)	10	24V (+) output	17	Battery +	24	Pulse output +
4	RS-485 (B)	11	Public GND	18	Battery -	25	Pulse output -
5	Pt100, A	12	12V (+) Output	19	GND	26	Alarm 1 normally-closed contact
6	Pt100, B	13	Flow pulse input	20	220V N	27	Alarm 1 normally-open contact
7	Pt100, B	14	Public GND	21	220V L	28	Alarm 1 common contact

## 4.2 Wiring Diagrams

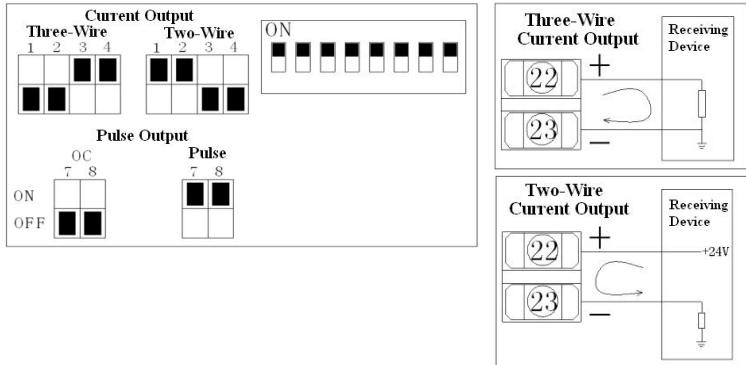
### Output Wirings



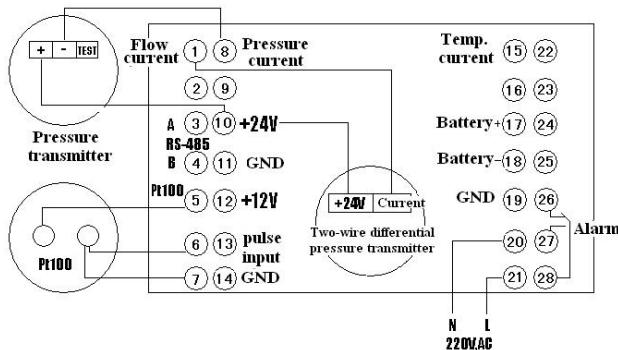
Wirings of flow (Pulse), Temperature (Pt100), pressure transmitter and power supply



Toggle switch: Output board is shown as below.



Wirings of two-wire flow transmitter or differential pressure transmitter



## Appendix 1 Application Examples

### A.1 Example 1

DN50 Vortex flow sensor, measure vapor; average flow coefficient is 9.4132/l; temperature and pressure compensation; temperature sensor Pt100; pressure transmitter 0-1.6MPa; 4-20mA output; No alarm; low frequency cut-off is 60Hz; temperature range +150~200 °C (If temperature is out of the range, use 180 °C setting temperature); pressure range 0.7~1.0MPa (If pressure is out of the range, use 0.8MPa setting pressure).

#### Parameters Setup

Main Menu 3. self-test 4. Calibrate 5. Setup	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 01/04 Signal type: Pulse	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 02/04 Cut-off freq.: 0060Hz	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 03/04 Coef. linearize: OFF	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 04/04 Flow coefficient: 00003.600 1/L
Medium: Vapor (Auto) Option: Pres. priority	T Sensor: Pt100 Const.: +180.00	P Sensor: 4-20mA G Const.: +00.800 L scale: +00.000 H scale: +01.600	T lower: +150.0 T upper: +200.0 P lower: -00.70 P upper: +01.00	
Alarm 1: Options: 1/1 Alarm variable: None	Alarm 2: Options: 1/1 Alarm variables: None			

### A.2 Example 2

DN100 vortex flow transmitter, measure compressed air in standard condition; output 4-20mA; flow range is 0-2000m3/h; temperature and pressure compensation; average working temperature: +20 °C; the average working pressure: +0.3MPa; Low

flow cut-off 50m3/h; damping time 5s.

#### Parameters Setup

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. self-test 4. Calibrate <b>5. Setup</b>	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 01/04 Signal type: <b>4-20mA</b>	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 02/04 Flow F.S. unit: <b>m3/h</b>	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 04/04 Cut-off current: <b>4.000mA</b>	Medium: <b>Gas (Std. volume)</b> Std. density: <b>0001.2048kg/m3</b>
Damping time: <b>05/30 s</b>	Low flow cutoff <b>00050.000</b>	T Sensor: Set Const.: +020.00	P Sensor: Set Const.: +00.300	

#### A.3 Example 3

Annubar flow meter, Rosemount 3095 transmitter and Pt100; measure vapor; output 4-20mA for vapor mass; range 0-10t. Flow totalizer configuring with Pt100 temperature sensor and 0-1.6MPa pressure transmitter; display temperature, pressure, flow rate, power, flow totalizer and energy of vapor; temperature range +130~200°C; common temperature: +180°C; pressure range 0.6~1.0MPa; common pressure: +0.8MPa.

#### Parameters Setup

Meter: <b>Mass Flow</b> Options: 01/04 Signal type: <b>4-20mA</b>	Meter: Mass Flow Options: 02/04 Flow F.S. unit: <b>t/h</b>	Meter: Mass Flow Options: 03/04 Flow F.S.: <b>00010.000 m3/h</b>	Meter: Mass Flow Options: 04/04 <b>Cut-off current:</b> <b>4.000mA</b>	Medium: <b>Vapor (Auto)</b> Option: <b>Pres. priority</b>
T Sensor: Pt100 Const.: +180.00	P Sensor: <b>4-20mA G</b> Const.: +00.800 L scale: +00.000 H scale: +01.600	T lower: +130.0 T upper: +200.0 P lower: -00.60 P upper: +01.00	Mode: 5s loop 1. Flow ✓ 2. Heat ✓ 3. Flow graph	Mode: 5s loop 5. Pres. graph 6. Power down 7. self-test ✓

## A.4 Example 4

V-cone flowmeter, measure vapor mass; Rosemount 3051 differential pressure transmitter, Pt100 and pressure transmitter; differential pressure transmitter range 0 ~ +300Pa; output 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ ; flow range 20t/h; design density 3.3342kg/m<sup>3</sup>; pressure transmitter range 0 ~ 1.6MPa; temperature range +170~+260°C; common temperature: +200°C; pressure range 0.6~1.0MPa; common pressure: +0.7MPa; low current cut-off 4.005mA.

### Parameters Setup

<b>Main Menu</b> 3. self-test 4. Calibrate 5. Setup	Meter: DP Scale Options: 01/08 Signal type: 4-20mA No $\sqrt{\cdot}$	Meter: DP Scale Options: 02/08 Scaled flow unit: t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 03/08 Scaled range: 0000020.000t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 04/08 Design density: 0003.3342kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Meter: DP Scale Options: 05/08 DP unit: Pa	Meter: DP Scale Options: 07/08 DP high scale: +300.000Pa	Meter: DP Scale Options: 08/08 Cut-off current: 4.005mA	Medium: S vapor TP	T Sensor: Pt100 Const.: +200.00
P Sensor: 4-20mA G Const.: +00.700 L scale: +00.000 H scale: +01.600	T lower: +170.0 T upper: +260.0 P lower: -00.60 P upper: +01.00			

## A.5 Example 5

Magnetic flowmeter, measure liquid; output 4-20mA; range 0-60m<sup>3</sup>/h.

### Parameters Setup

Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 01/04 Signal type: 4-20mA	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 02/04 Flow F.S. unit: m3/h	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 03/04 Flow F.S.: 00060.000 m3/h	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 04/04 Cut-off current: 4.000mA	Medium: Liquid (Volume) Density (20°C): 1000.0000kg/m3
--	---	--	---	---

## A.6 Example 6

Ultrasonic flowmeter, measure liquid; output 4-20mA; range 0-300m3/h.

### Parameters Setup

Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 01/04 Signal type: 4-20mA	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 02/04 Flow F.S. unit: m3/h	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 03/04 Flow F.S.: 00300.000 m3/h	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 04/04 Cut-off current: 4.000mA	Medium: Liquid (Volume) Density (20°C): 1000.0000kg/m3
--	---	--	---	---

## A.7 Example 7

Orifice plate flowmeter, measure vapor; Rosemount 3051 differential pressure transmitter, Pt100 and pressure transmitter; flow range 0-20t; design density 5.17kg/m3; output of differential pressure transmitter is 4-20mA No ; pressure transmitter range 0 ~ 1.6MPa; temperature range +130~+200°C; common temperature: +180°C; pressure range 0.6~1.0MPa; common pressure: +0.8MPa.

### Parameters Setup

Meter: DP Scale Options: 01/08 Signal type: 4-20mA No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Meter: DP Scale Options: 02/08 Scaled flow unit: t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 03/08 Scaled range: 0000020.000t/h	Meter: DP Scale Options: 04/08 Design density: 0005.1700kg/m3	Meter: DP Scale Options: 08/08 Cut-off current: 4.000mA	Medium: Vapor (Auto) Option: Pres. priority
--	---	--	--	--	--

The setup of temperature and pressure refers to example 3.

## A.8 Example 8

V-Cone flowmeter, measure natural gas in standard condition; Rosemount 3051 differential pressure transmitter, Pt100 and pressure transmitter, differential pressure transmitter range  $0 \sim +300\text{Pa}$ , output  $4\text{-}20\text{mA}$  No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$ ; pressure transmitter range  $0 \sim 1.6\text{MPa}$ ; temperature range  $-40 \sim +60^\circ\text{C}$ ; common temperature:  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ ; pressure range  $0.4 \sim 0.8\text{MPa}$ ; common pressure:  $+0.5\text{MPa}$ ; local atmospheric pressure  $98.4\text{kPa}$ ; low current cut-off  $4.005\text{mA}$ .

### Parameters Setup

Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 01/09 Signal type: $4\text{-}20\text{mA}$ No $\sqrt{\cdot}$	Meter: V-cone DP Options: 06/09 DP unit: Pa	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 07/09 DP low scale: $+000.000\text{Pa}$	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 08/09 DP high scale: $+300.000\text{Pa}$	Meter: V-Cone DP Options: 09/09 Cut-off current: $4.005\text{mA}$
Medium: Gas (Std. volume) Std. density: $0000.6660\text{kg/m}^3$	Atmospheric P: $98.4\text{ kPa}$	V-cone calculation sheet provides: Pipe inside diameter D 400mm, Cone diameter d 275.13mm; Expansibility factor $\epsilon$ 0.9982; Discharge coefficient c 0.85. The setup of temperature and pressure refers to example 3.		

## A.9 Example 9

DN50 Vortex flow sensor, measure hot-water; flow coefficient is  $9.2187/\text{l}$ ; damping time 5s; low flow cut-off 2t; temperature range  $+50 \sim +90^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Parameters Setup

Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 01/04 Signal type: Pulse	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 02/04 Cut-off freq.: $0000\text{Hz}$	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 03/04 Coef. linearize: OFF	Meter: Veloc./PD Options: 04/04 Flow coefficient: $0009.2187\text{ 1/L}$	Medium: Liquid (Mass) Density ( $20^\circ\text{C}$ ): $0998.0000\text{kg/m}^3$
---	---	---	---	---

Medium:  
Liquid (Mass)  
Coe.V-expansion:  
0.000251

Damping time:  
05/30 s

Low flow cutoff  
00002.000

The setup of temperature refers to example 3.

## A.10 Example 10

Elbow flowmeter, measure vapor (mass); Rosemount 3051 differential pressure transmitter, Pt100 and pressure transmitter, differential pressure transmitter range 0 ~ +300Pa, output 4-20mA No ✓; pressure transmitter range 0 ~ 4.0MPa; expansibility factor 0.9876; flow coefficient 1.299; temperature range +300 ~ +350 °C; common temperature: +325 °C; pressure range 1.4 ~ 1.8MPa; common pressure: +1.6MPa; low current cut-off 4.005mA.

### Parameters Setup

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 01/09  
Signal type:  
4-20mA No ✓

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 02/09  
Pipe diameter D:  
0400.00mm

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 03/09  
Band radius R:  
0001.5000mm

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 04/09  
Expansibility ε:  
0.98760

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 05/09  
Flow coe.:  
1.29900

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 06/09  
DP unit:  
Pa

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 07/09  
DP low scale:  
+000.000Pa

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 08/09  
DP high scale:  
+300.000Pa

Meter: Elbow DP  
Options: 09/09  
Cut-off current:  
4.005mA

Medium:  
Vapor (Auto)  
Option:  
Pres. priority

The setup of temperature refers to example 3.

## Appendix 2 Modbus-RTU Communication Protocol

### B.1 Communication Instruction

Interface: RS485; Baud rate: Optional 1200, 2400, 4800 or 9600; Start bit: 1, Data bit: 8, Stop bit: 1, Parity bit: none.

### B.2 Command Format

Sending Command from PC (Express in Hex)

Meter Address	Function code	High byte of start register	Low byte of start register	High byte of register length	Low byte of register length	CRC high byte	CRC low byte
---------------	---------------	-----------------------------	----------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------	--------------

Answer Command from Instrument (Express in Hex)

Address	Function code	Return Byte number	Return data from register	CRC high byte	CRC high byte
---------	---------------	--------------------	---------------------------	---------------	---------------

- Notes:
1. When debugging, it can use the universal CRC “AAAA”.
  2. Register length should be less than 32 (20 in Hex).
  3. When the baud rate is low, and the register length is long, the waiting time of PC should be extended.

### B.3 Register Map

Register Address	Parameters	Register Address	Parameters
0x0000	Flow rate	0x0010	In spare
0x0001		0x0011	
0x0002	Frequency (Hz)	0x0012	In spare

0x0003		0x0013	
0x0004	Differential pressure (KPa)	0x0014	Flow totalizer (t)
0x0005		0x0015	
0x0006	Pressure (MPa)	0x0016	Energy (GJ)
0x0007		0x0017	
0x0008	Temperature (°C)	0x0018	Battery voltage (V)
0x0009		0x0019	
0x000A	Density (kg/m3)	0x001A	External power voltage (V)
0x000B		0x001B	
0x000C	Power (MJ/h)	0x001C	Times of power down (Two bytes in Hex)
0x000D		0x001D	
0x000E	Status code 1 and 2	0x001E	In spare
0x000F		0x001F	Times of illegal operation (Two bytes in Hex)

Status Code 1		Status Code 2	
Bits	Description	Bits	Description
15	In spare	15	In spare
14	In spare	14	In spare
13	LCD status, 0: ok, 1: Fault	13	In spare
12	Clock status, 0: ok, 1: Fault	12	In spare
11	AD convertor status, 0: ok, 1: Fault	11	In spare
10	Memory status, 0: ok, 1: Fault	10	In spare
9	Battery status, 0: ok, 1: Low voltage	9	In spare
8	Parameter status, 0: ok, 1: Overflow	8	Power supply, 0: External power, 1: Battery
7	In spare	7	Frequency/current cut-off, 0: cut-off, 1: no cut-off
6	In spare	6	In spare

5	In spare	5	In spare
4	In spare	4	In spare
3	In spare	3	In spare
2	Stream status, 0: superheated vapor, 1: saturated vapor	2	In spare
1	Temperature compensation range, 0: ok, 1: Overflow	1	In spare
0	Pressure compensation range, 0: ok, 1: Overflow	0	In spare

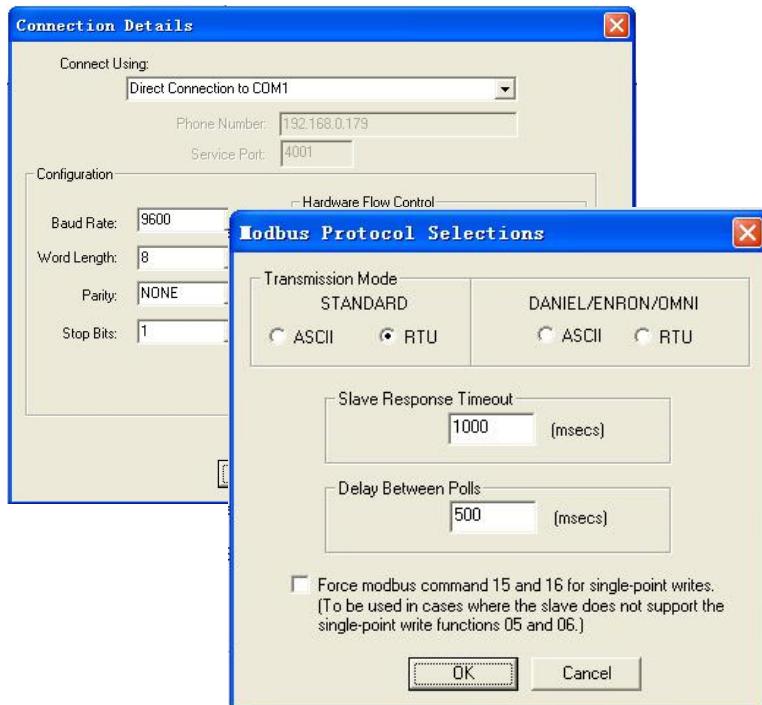
## B.4 Examples

Sending command: 01 03 00 00 00 18 45 C0	Answer: 01 03 30 0D 44 41 04 00 00 42 48 00 00 00 00 CC 26 3F 4C 00 01 43 34 B9 68 40 92 0B FF 46 B3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 39 09 46 45 48 F4 46 18 78 38
01: Instrument address 03: function code 00 00: Start register address 00 18: Register length 45 C0: CRC check	01: Instrument address                                    03: function code 30: Return Byte number (Return Byte number=register number * 2) 0D 44 41 04: Flow rate, 8.2532                    0 00 42 48: Frequency, 50Hz 00 00 00 00: Differential pressure, 0KPa CC 26 3F 4C: Pressure, 0.8000MPa 00 01 43 34: Temperature, 180.0000°C B9 68 40 92: Density, 4.5851kg/m3 0B FF 46 B3: Power, 22917.9980MJ/h 00 00 00 00: self-test/Alarm 1, 2, 3, 4 00 00 00 00: In spare                                    00 00 00 00: In spare 39 09 46 45: Flow totalizer, 12622.1533t 48 F4 46 18: Energy, 9745.9453GJ                    78 38: CRC check

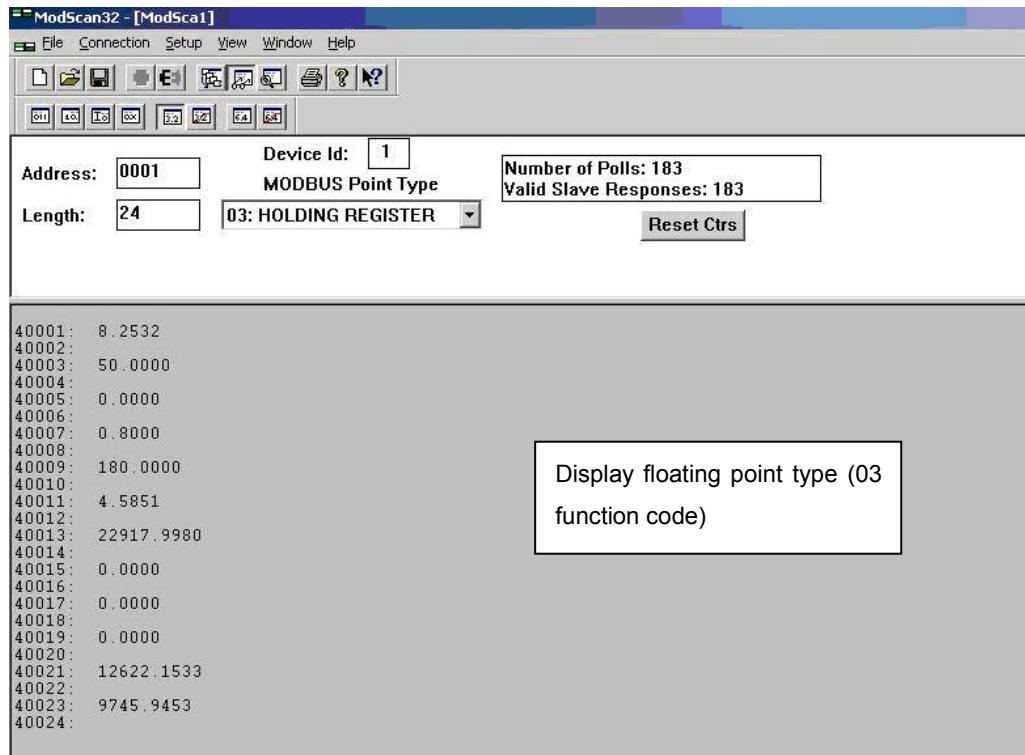
## Appendix 3 Modscan32 Software

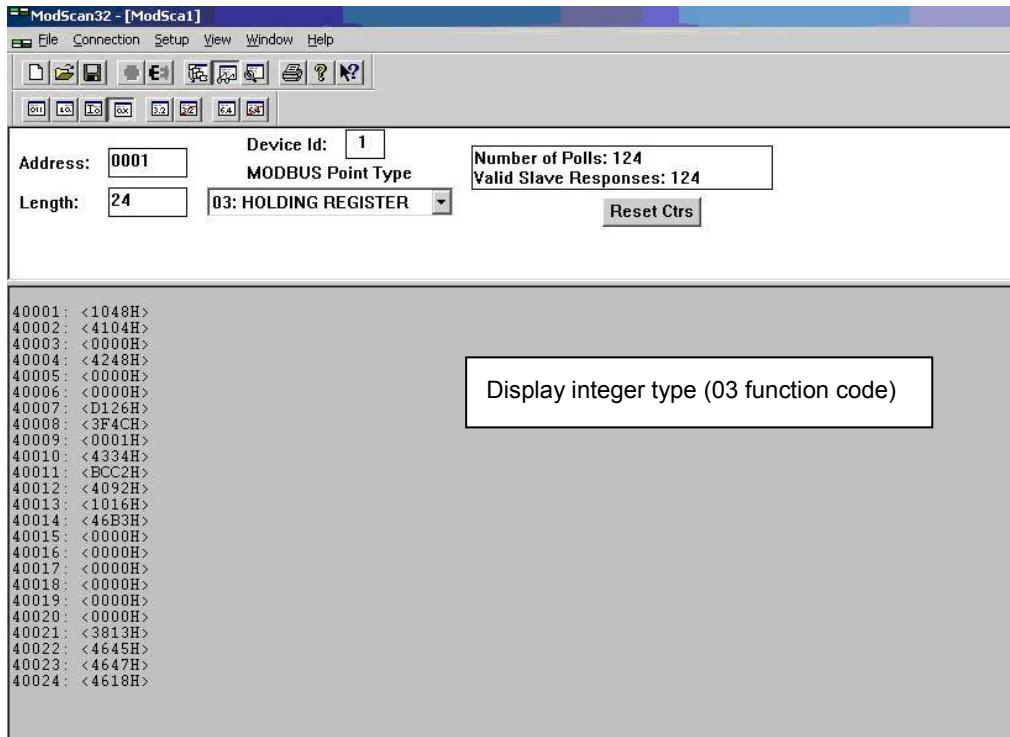
### C.1 Parameter Setup

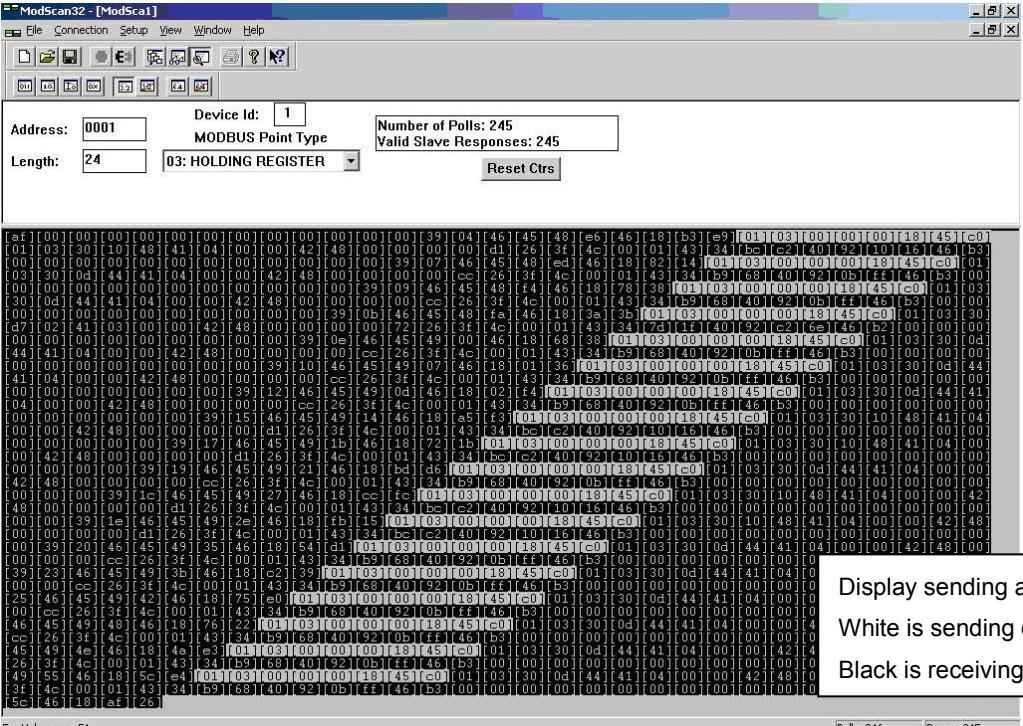
- Display Option: Floating Pt
- Modbus function code: 03 HOLD REGISTER
- Device Id: Slave Device Address
- Address: Point address within the device
- Length: Number of points to scan/display
- Connection: Select serial port
- Baud rate: Communication baud rate
- Word bit: 8 bit
- Parity: None
- Stop bit: 1



## C.2 Display Screen







Note:

In MODBUS communication, the data is expressed in Hex, and the floating point data adopts IEEE754 standard.

The data format is shown as below.

- One bit: symbol bit
- Eight bits: exponent bits
- Twenty-three bits: mantissa bits

The symbol bit is the highest bit, and the mantissa bits are the lowest bits.

It can be described as follow according to bytes:

Address	+0	+1	+2	+3
Content	SEEE EEEE	EMMM MMMM	MMMM MMMM	MMMM MMMM

Among above table:

S is symbol bit, 1 indicates negative, and 0 indicates positive.

E is exponent bit (Between two bytes), and has a shift with 127.

M is mantissa bit, the high bit of mantissa is still “1”.

# Appendix 4 Computational Formula

## D.1 Velocity/Volume

### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
- 2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
- 3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
- 4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
- 5. Gas (Mass)      6. Liquid (Mass)
- 7. Constant Density

#### 1.1 Signal type: pulse (Volume)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * \rho * F / K$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $F$ : Output frequency of flow sensor, Hz;  $K$ : Flow coefficient, 1/l.

#### 1.2 Signal type: 4-20mA (Volume)

$$Q_m = \rho * \frac{I - 4}{16} * FS$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

#### 1.3 Signal type: 0-10mA (Volume)

$$Q_m = \rho * \frac{I}{10} * FS$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

### 2. Volume flow in working condition expression

Applicable Medium Type: Liquid volume

#### 2.1 Signal type: pulse (Volume)

$$Q_v = 3.6 * F / K$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $F$ : Output frequency of flow sensor, Hz;  $K$ : Flow coefficient, 1/l.

#### 2.2 Signal type: 4-20mA (Volume)

$$Q_v = \frac{I - 4}{16} * FS$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $F$ : Output current of flow sensor, Hz;  $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

2.3 Signal type: 0-10mA (Volume)

$$Q_v = \frac{I}{10} * FS$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h; F: Output current of flow sensor, Hz;  
FS: Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

### 3. Volume flow in standard condition expression

Applicable Medium Type: Gas volume (Std. condition)

3.1 Signal type: pulse (Volume)

$$Q_v = 3.6 * F/K * \frac{(P+101.325) * (273.15 + T_0)}{101.325 * (273.15 + T)}$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, Nm<sup>3</sup>/h; F: Output frequency of flow sensor,  
Hz; K: Flow coefficient, 1/l; P: Medium gauge pressure,  
MPa; T: Medium temperature, °C; T<sub>0</sub>: Temperature in std.  
condition, °C.

3.2 Signal type: 4-20mA (Volume)

$$Q_v = \frac{I - 4}{16} * FS * \frac{(P+101.325) * (273.15 + T_0)}{101.325 * (273.15 + T)}$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, Nm<sup>3</sup>/h; I: Output current of flow transmitter,  
mA; FS: Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

3.3 Signal type: 0-10mA (Volume)

$$Q_v = \frac{I}{10} * FS * \frac{(P+101.325) * (273.15 + T_0)}{101.325 * (273.15 + T)}$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, Nm<sup>3</sup>/h; I: Output current of flow transmitter,  
mA; FS: Flow transmitter range, m<sup>3</sup>/h.

## D.2 Mass Flow

### 1. Mass flow expression

#### Applicable Medium Type

1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
5. Gas (Mass)                    6. Liquid (Mass)

#### 1.1 Signal type: pulse (Mass)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * F/K$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $F$ : Output frequency of flow sensor, Hz;  
 $K$ : Flow coefficient, 1/kg..

#### 1.2 Signal type: 4-20mA (Mass)

$$Q_m = \frac{I - 4}{16} * FS$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  
 $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, t/h.

#### 1.3 Signal type: 0-10mA (Mass)

$$Q_m = \frac{I}{10} * FS$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  
 $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, t/h.

### 2. Volume flow in working condition expression

#### Applicable Medium Type:

1. Gas (Std. condition volume); 2. Liquid (Volume)

#### 2.1 Signal type: pulse (Mass)

$$Q_v = 3.6 * F/K/\rho$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $F$ : Output frequency of flow sensor, Hz;  $K$ : Flow coefficient, 1/kg.

#### 2.2 Signal type: 4-20mA (Mass)

$$Q_v = \frac{I - 4}{16} * FS/\rho$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, t/h.

#### 2.3 Signal type: 0-10mA (Mass)

$$Q_v = \frac{I}{10} * FS/\rho$$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $I$ : Output current of flow transmitter, mA;  $FS$ : Flow transmitter range, t/h.

### D.3 DP Flow

#### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
- 2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
- 3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
- 4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
- 5. Gas (Mass)      6. Liquid (Mass)

1.1 Signal type: 4-20mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$

$$Q_m = Q_s * \sqrt{\frac{\rho_w}{\rho_d}} * \sqrt{\frac{I-4}{16}}$$

1.2 Signal type: 0-10mA No  $\sqrt{\cdot}$

$$Q_m = Q_s * \sqrt{\frac{\rho_w}{\rho_d}} * \sqrt{\frac{I}{10}}$$

1.3 Signal type: 4-20mA  $\sqrt{\cdot}$

$$Q_m = Q_s * \sqrt{\frac{\rho_w}{\rho_d}} * \frac{I-4}{16}$$

1.4 Signal type: 0-10mA  $\sqrt{\cdot}$

$$Q_m = Q_s * \sqrt{\frac{\rho_w}{\rho_d}} * \frac{I}{10}$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $Q_s$ : Flow transmitter range, t/h;  $\rho_d$ : Medium design density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $\rho_w$ : Medium density in working condition, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

#### 2. Volume flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Gas (Std. condition volume); 2. Liquid (Volume)

2.1 Gas (Std. volume):  $Q_v = Q_m / \rho_s$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, Nm<sup>3</sup>/h;  $Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho_s$ : Medium density in std. condition, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

2.2 Liquid (Volume):  $Q_v = Q_m / \rho$

$Q_v$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

## D.4 Orifice DP

### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
- 2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
- 3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
- 4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
- 5. Gas (Mass)      6. Liquid (Mass)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * \frac{C}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{d}{D})^4}} * \varepsilon * \frac{\pi}{4} d^2 * \sqrt{2 * \Delta P * \rho}$$

1.1 Flow rate:

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h; C: Discharge coefficient; d: Hole diameter, m; D: Pipe inside diameter, m;  $\varepsilon$ : Expansibility factor;  $\Delta P$ : DP value, Pa;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

### 1.2 DP value:

$$4-20mA \text{ No } \sqrt{\quad}: \Delta P = \frac{1-4}{16} * (DP_{max} - DP_{min}) + DP_{min}$$

$$0-10mA \text{ No } \sqrt{\quad}: \Delta P = \frac{1}{10} * (DP_{max} - DP_{min}) + DP_{min}$$

$$4-20mA \text{ } \sqrt{\quad}: \Delta P = \left(\frac{1-4}{16}\right)^2 * (DP_{max} - DP_{min}) + DP_{min}$$

$$0-10mA \text{ } \sqrt{\quad}: \Delta P = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^2 * (DP_{max} - DP_{min}) + DP_{min}$$

$\Delta P$ : DP value, Pa;  $DP_{max}$ : Upper limit of pressure transmitter, Pa;  $DP_{min}$ : Lower limit of pressure transmitter, Pa;

### 2. Volume flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Gas (Std. condition volume); 2. Liquid (Volume)

$$2.1 \text{ Gas (Std. volume): } Q_V = Q_m / \rho_s$$

$Q_V$ : Flow rate, Nm<sup>3</sup>/h;  $Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho_s$ : Medium density in std. condition, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

$$2.2 \text{ Liquid (Volume): } Q_V = Q_m / \rho$$

$Q_V$ : Flow rate, m<sup>3</sup>/h;  $Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

## D.5 V-Cone DP

### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
5. Gas (Mass)
6. Liquid (Mass)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * \frac{C}{\sqrt{1 - B_v^4}} * \varepsilon * \frac{\pi}{4} * (D^2 - d_v^2) * \sqrt{2 * \Delta P * \rho}$$

1.1 Flow rate:

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $C$ : Discharge coefficient;  $d_v$ : Max. cone cross-section diameter in working condition, m;  $D$ : Pipe inside diameter, m;  $\varepsilon$  : Expansibility factor;  $\Delta P$ : DP value, Pa;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

$$B_v: \text{equivalent diameter ratio, } B_v = \frac{\sqrt{(D^2 - d_v^2)}}{D}.$$

The formula of DP value of mass flow refers to that of DP value of orifice DP.

The formula of gas and liquid of volume flow refers to that of gas and liquid of orifice DP.

## D.6 Annubar

### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
5. Gas (Mass)
6. Liquid (Mass)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * \alpha * \varepsilon * \frac{\pi}{4} * D^2 * \sqrt{2 * \Delta P * \rho}$$

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\alpha$  : Flow coefficient;  $D$ : Pipe inside diameter, m;  $\varepsilon$  : Expansibility factor;  $\Delta P$ : DP value, Pa;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

The formula of DP value of mass flow refers to that of DP value of orifice DP.

The formula of gas and liquid of volume flow refers to that of gas and liquid of orifice DP.

## D.7 Elbow DP

### 1. Mass flow expression

Applicable Medium Type

- 1. Vapor Automatic Compensation
- 2. Saturated vapor temperature compensation
- 3. Saturated vapor pressure compensation
- 4. Superheated vapor pressure and temperature compensation
- 5. Gas (Mass)      6. Liquid (Mass)

$$Q_m = 3.6 * \alpha * \varepsilon * \sqrt{\frac{R}{D} * \frac{\pi}{4} * D^2 * \sqrt{2 * \Delta P * \rho}}$$

1.1 Flow rate:

$Q_m$ : Flow rate, t/h;  $\alpha$  : Flow coefficient;  $D$ : Pipe inside diameter, m;  $\varepsilon$  : Expansibility factor;  $R/D$ : Bend radius R;  $\Delta P$ : DP value, Pa;  $\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

The formula of DP value of mass flow refers to that of DP value of orifice DP.

The formula of gas and liquid of volume flow refers to that of gas and liquid of orifice DP.

## D.8 Formula of Liquid Density

$$\rho = \rho_{20} * [1 - \mu(t - 20)]$$

$\rho$ : Medium density, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $\rho_{20}$ : Medium density at 20 °C, kg/m<sup>3</sup>;  $\mu$ : Liquid coefficient of cubic expansion;  $t$ : Liquid temperature, °C.